

Guide to the 2025 Ontario Provincial Election Party Platforms

In this guide OSOT has listed important policies for members to consider, to work as a guide for identify which party aligns closest with your views and values in the areas of **health care**, **education**, and **housing**. Although there are many issues with which to be concerned, these issues have received attention by all four parties.

The main political parties campaigning in this 2025 election are the Progressive Conservative Party of Ontario (OPC), the New Democratic Party of Ontario (ONDP), the Ontario Liberal Party (OLP), and the Green Party of Ontario (GPO).

Visit Elections Ontario to find your [electoral district candidates](#) and [information on voting](#).

Full Party Platforms

- [Ontario Progressive Conservative Party \(OPC\)](#)
- [Ontario New Democratic Party \(ONDP\)](#)
- [Ontario Liberal Party \(OLP\)](#)
- [Green Party of Ontario \(GPO\)](#)

	Ontario Progressive Conservative Party (OPC)	Ontario New Democratic Party (ONDP)	Ontario Liberal Party (OLP)	Green Party of Ontario (GPO)
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$1.4 billion in new funding on top of the approved \$400 million plan to connect two million more people in Ontario with a primary care provider. • Create more than 300 new primary care teams. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$1 billion a year over four years that would bring in 3,500 new doctors, reduce medical paperwork, make it easier for 13,000 internationally trained doctors to work in Ontario. • Increase medical residency spots and set up a northern Ontario command centre. • Hire at least 15,000 nurses over three years and require “safe nurse-to-patient staffing ratios,” while also 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invest \$3.1 billion to attract and retain 3,100 family doctors by 2029. • Pay all nurses and personal support workers a living wage. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recruit 3,500 family doctors to set everyone up with one in the next three to four years. • Pay equity for nurses, doctors or personal support workers across all health care settings. • Cover travel for health-care workers to treat people at home, cut back administrative work and hire more Indigenous health-care workers.

		<p>moving away from for-profit nursing agencies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase compensation for workers under Workplace Safety and Insurance Board (WSIB) and for longer. • Fund universal mental health care and clear the youth waitlist backlog. • Fund treatment beds and bring back closed harm-reduction spaces. • Build a new hospital in Brantford. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More nursing program spaces and approve registration of international health-care workers faster. • Expand public, 24/7 non-urgent clinics as an alternative to emergency rooms and start phasing in non-profit long-term care to end the for-profit model. • Cover cost of all mental health care, expand the number of supervised drug consumption sites and create 24/7 mental health crisis teams at a cost of more than \$1.1 billion over four years. • Cut the cost rural communities pay for new hospitals in half.
Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$1.3 billion in spending to build or expand 45 schools. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$830 million more per year to take care of the province's school repair to-do list and hire more staff, make a province-wide school food program. • Increase spending in French education and school transportation. • Permanently increase base funding for Ontario's post-secondary sector, better fund the Ontario Student Assistance Plan (OSAP). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fund post-secondary schools so they don't have to rely on international student tuition. • Place a cap on international student enrolment at 10% of each school's student body. • Eliminate OSAP loan interest and not require payback until recipients make at least \$50,000 a year. • Support 40,000 new, paid co-op, internship and apprenticeship positions by cutting taxes for their employers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Boost post-secondary funding by 20%, and fund it based on enrolment rather than performance. • Convert OSAP loans to grants for lower-income students and take interest off student debt. • Add \$1,500 in funding per elementary and secondary school student and "properly" fund student support.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wipe out student loan interest and convert loans to grants. • Fund the Université de Sudbury. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clear the public school repair backlog and make sure rural families can afford childcare.
Housing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invest \$3 billion over the next three years on affordable housing, anti-homelessness and emergency shelter supports. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build/acquire at least 300,000 “permanently” affordable homes, as part of a plan to build 1.5 million new homes over a decade. • Legalize fourplexes in residential areas and taller buildings near transit. • Bring rent control to newer buildings. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invest \$3.6 billion housing plan would cut development charges on some new construction and reimburse municipalities. • Waive the provincial land transfer tax for first-time buyers, seniors and non-profits. • Legalize fourplexes on residential-zoned land. • Bring rent control laws to newer buildings. • Eliminate the Building Ontario Fund. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build two million urban homes over 10 years and allow single-family homes to be divided into condos. • Loan homeowners \$25,000 to add affordable rental units. • Legalize fourplexes and four-storey buildings everywhere and bump that to sixplexes for cities with more than half a million people. • First-time homebuyers wouldn’t pay the land transfer tax. • Take over community housing and shelter costs, build at least 250,000 non-profit and co-op rental homes by leveraging public land, renovate another 305,000 community housing units, build 60,000 supportive homes, fund 22,000 Indigenous owned and operated homes and increase funding for women’s shelters. • Install rent control on newer buildings.

Interested in Learning More About Your Electoral District?

338Canada.com is a polling aggregator that uses a statistical model of opinion polls, electoral history, and demographic data to determine seat projection in both federal and provincial elections.

1. Visit 338Canada.com.
2. At the top right section of the page, click the drop-down menu titled 'CHOOSE YOUR REGION' and click 'Ontario'.
3. You will find graphs determining vote share for each party, along with seat projections for Ontario electoral districts.
4. Click 'List of Ontario districts' for a breakdown of each electoral district or click 'Ontario Polls' for more information about each polling company used by 338Canada.